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PTO/SB/33 (07-09)

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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional) BCS03852		
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to "Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)]	Application Number		Filed	
	10/017,675		December 15, 2001	
on	First Named Inventor			
Signature	Alexander Vasilevsky			
Typed or printed	Art Unit		Examiner	
name	2621		ATALA, JAMIE JO	
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request.				
This request is being filed with a notice of appeal. The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s). Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.				
I am the /Larry T. Cullen/				
applicant/inventor.	applicant/inventor. Signature			
assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed.	Larry	Larry T. Cullen		
(Form PTO/SB/96)	Typed or printed name			
attorney or agent of record. Registration number	215-323-1797			
amanay as acast asting under 27 OFB 4 24			•	
attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34. Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34	Sept	September 30, 2010 Date		
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.				

This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 132. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11, 1.14 and 41.6. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

forms are submitted.

Privacy Act Statement

The **Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579)** requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

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- 5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (*i.e.*, GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- 9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLN. NO.: 10/017,675 CONFIRMATION NO.: 9565

APPLICANT: Vasilevsky et al. TC/ART UNIT: 2621

FILED: December 15, 2001 EXAMINER: ATALA, JAMIE JO

TITLE: Centralized Digital Video Recording and Playback System Accessible to

Multiple Reproduction and Control Units via a Home Area Network

Pre-Appeal Brief

This reply is being filed electronically

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

In response to the Final Office Action mailed on March 31, 2010, a request for a three month extension up to September 30 2010 and a Notice of Appeal being submitted herewith, Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration as follows:

REMARKS

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Rejection of Claims 1-4, 6-12, and 14-15 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 5,550,863 (Yurt) in view of US 2002/0059621 (Thomas) in view of US 6,799,283 (Tamai et al.) and in view of US 6,300,976 (Fujuoka).

Applicant respectfully traverses in part and amends in part. Applicant has amended independent claims 1 and 8 to clarify the invention. Applicant therefore respectfully requests reconsideration of the rejection of claims 1-4, 6-12, and 14-15 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yurt in view of Thomas as herein amended.

Applicant respectfully submits that neither Yurt, Thomas, Tamai nor Fukuoka, taken alone or in combination, does not teach or suggest all the claim limitations as set forth in independent claims 1 and 8, as amended. For example, independent claim 1 is amended to incorporate the subject matter of claim 3 as "designating as part of a hierarchy, a control ranking to each of said first and second reproduction devices; and during control conflicts, allowing the reproduction device attempting to control playback having the highest control ranking, to control the reproduction of said selected program" and independent claim 8 is amended to incorporate the subject matter of claim 11 as "wherein each of said first and second reproduction devices are designated to have, as part of a hierarchy, a control ranking, and during control conflicts, the reproduction device attempting to control playback having the highest control ranking, controls the reproduction of said selected program" which are not taught or suggested in the combination of Yurt and Thomas.

Yurt is directed towards a system of distributing video and/or audio information that employs digital signal processing to achieve high rates of data compression. In operation, the compressed and encoded audio and/or video information is sent over standard telephone, cable or satellite broadcast channels to subscriber's receiver, for later playback. (Yurt, Abstract)

Thomas discloses a system that allows a user to access his/her own on-demand media account from user equipment in different locations as long as the current user equipment can communicate with a remote server that stores user-specific information. Thomas's system has a relocate feature that may allow a user to freeze on-demand media delivery on one user equipment and resume delivery and viewing from other user equipment. (Thomas, Abstract)

Tamai is directed toward a disk drive array system which is configured to store redundant data by distributing data blocks across the various disk drives. (Tamai, Abstract). The reliance on Tamai is misplaced. Tamai is primarily aimed at preventing loss of data by providing redundant data. The priority discussed in Tamai identified in the Office action (col. 13: 48 – 14: 65) pertains to controlling which data block a particular disk drive accesses to access for different access requests from a host device ("the array controller generates a read or write request with predetermined priority for each recording medium"). The priority is not related to different reproduction devices which request provide the same program to a viewer. Tamai does not disclose to designate as part of a hierarchy, a control ranking to each of said first and second reproduction devices; and during control conflicts, allowing the reproduction device attempting to control playback having the highest control ranking, to control the reproduction of said selected program.

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The Office action appears to now rely on Fukuoka to make up the deficiencies of the combination of Yurt, Thomas and Tamai. However, Fukuoka merely discloses a camera which can select a memory to which an image may be stored. Fukuoka does not disclose or suggest using a control ranking related to digital video recording and playback devices, as set forth in the above claims. The citations to Fukuoka in the Office action do not disclose such and do not appear to be related to reproduction at all, let alone a centralized video playback system. Indeed, Fukuoka does not appear to discuss playing back video stored on one device on another device in any detail.

Furthermore, Fukuoka does not appear to be analogous prior art. Fukuoka is related to a digital camera which mainly stores still images on a removable memory card. Fukuoka merely receives camera control data from other devices (e.g. a computer), which may control how photographs are taken. Fukuoka clearly is not related to a centralized digital video recording (DVR) and playback system in a home network, and one of skill in the art clearly would not look to a digital camera as a DVR system.

For the above reasons, Applicant submits that claims 1 and 8 are not obvious in view of the combination of Thomas, Tamai, Yurt, and Fukoda, and therefore that the rejection of claims 1 and 8 under 35 USC 103(a) should be withdrawn. Applicant requests that claims 1 and 8 may now be passed to allowance.

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Claims 2, 4, 6, and 7 depend from, and include all the limitations of independent claim 1,

as amended. Claim 9, 10, 12, 14, and 15 depend from, and include all the limitations of

independent claim 8. Claims 3 and 11 are cancelled. Therefore, Applicant respectfully requests

withdrawal of the rejection of claims 1-4, 6-12, and 14-15 under 35 USC 103(a).

Conclusion

Applicant has reviewed the other references of record and believes that Applicant's

claimed invention is patentably distinct and nonobvious over each reference taken alone or in

combination. Applicant respectfully requests that a timely Notice of Allowance be issued in this

case. Such action is earnestly solicited by the Applicant. Should the Examiner have any

questions, comments, or suggestions, the Examiner is invited to contact the Applicant's attorney

or agent at the telephone number indicated below.

Please charge any fees that may be due to Deposit Account 502117, Motorola, Inc.

Date: September 30, 2010

Respectfully submitted,

By: ___/Larry_T. Cullen/ Larry T. Cullen

Reg. No.: 44,489

Motorola Connected Home Solutions 101 Tournament Drive

Horsham, PA 19044

(215) 323-1797

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